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# **Precise Orbit Determination by CNES/CLS (LCA) IDS Analysis Center in the framework of ITRF2013**

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# STANDARDS AND MODELS

We took the IERS conventions and the IDS recommendations

## Gravitational forces:

Geopotential: EIGEN-6S2.v2.extended (with trend terms)

Ocean tides: FES2012

De-aliasing products coherent with the gravity field

Third body: JPL DE421 (*IERS conventions 2010*)

## Non gravitational forces:

Atmospheric drag: DTM 2012

## Geometry:

Troposphere: GPT2/VMF1 + one gradient per station in North & East directions

Ocean loading: FES2012

## Others:

The phase law for STAREC and ALCATEL antennas given by CNES has been implemented in GINS and has been used for our ITRF processing

For Cryosat-2, we applied the CNES 7-plate macromodel

# ITRF2013 REPROCESSING

Available DORIS data have been processed from 1993/01 to 2013/12 to contribute to the realization of the ITRF2013

We consider here only the DORIS satellites used for altimetry

## Software

We used GINS/DYNAMO software (GRGS) and CNES computer resources

## DORIS data processed

- For all missions the elevation cut off is  $12^\circ$ ,  
and a downweighting law is applied for elevations  $\leq 20^\circ$

- For Jason-1 :

- Data are corrected by SAA model
- downweighting SAA stations in POD

- We do not use the SARAL DATA

Satellites	Period
Topex	Jan. 04, 1993 to Oct. 29, 2004
Jason-1	Jan. 01, 2002 to Jun.14, 2013
Envisat	Jul. 23, 2002 to Apr. 04, 2012
Jason-2	Jul. 14, 2008 to Dec. 27, 2013
Cryosat-2	Jun. 16, 2010 to Dec. 27, 2013
Hy2a	Oct. 02, 2011 to Dec. 27, 2013

## ITRF2013 REPROCESSING STATUS

### DORIS and SLR Orbit Residuals

### OPR Acceleration Amplitude: Along-track and Cross-track

### Radiation pressure coefficient Cr

Satellites	DORIS RMS (mm/s)	SLR RMS (cm)	Average Along-track OPR (nm/s <sup>2</sup> )	Average Cross-track OPR (nm/s <sup>2</sup> )	Cr
Topex	0.45	1.4	1.7	1.2	1.03
Jason-1	0.31	1.2	1.9	1.1	0.94
Envisat	0.39	0.97	1.1	1.1	1.05
Jason-2	0.31	1.2	2.6	1.5	0.97
Cryosat-2	0.34	0.94	3.3	2.3	1.0
Hy2a	0.33	1.15	0.48	1.77	0.86
<i>Saral</i>	<i>0.33</i>	<i>0.93</i>	<i>1.29</i>	<i>1.24</i>	<i>1.0</i>

**Good level for DORIS and SLR orbit residuals**

**Average OPR Acceleration amplitudes are < 4 nm/s<sup>2</sup>**

**Remark: since our ITR2013 contribution we have processed SARAL DATA**

# COMPARISON TO THE POE USED FOR ALTIMETRY

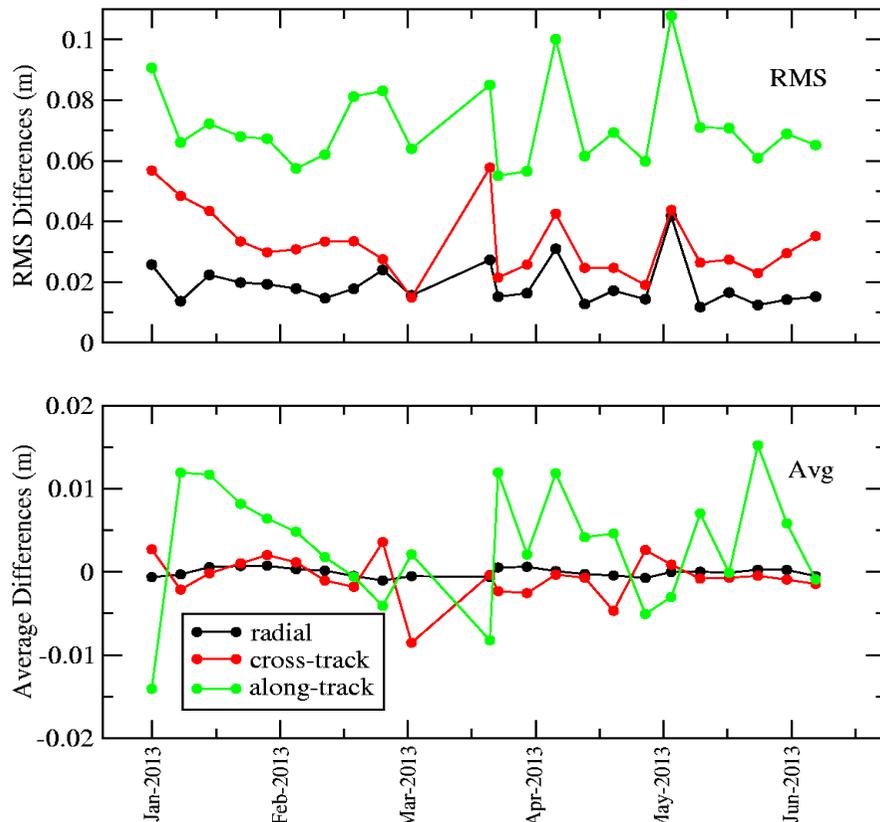
POD CONFIGURATION	LCA Analysis Center	CNES GDR-D
Arc length Ddata processed	3.5 days DORIS +SLR	10 days or 7 days DORIS + SLR and +GPS (for satellites with GPS receiver onboard)
Gravity model	<b>EIGEN-6S2.v2.extended</b> up to degree 95 including time variable terms up to degree 50 (bias & drift per yr from 2002 to 2012, periodic 18.6, 1, 0.5yrs) <b>Solid Earth Tides:</b> from IERS2010 <b>Ocean tides</b> FES2012 <b>Atmospheric gravity</b> : 3hr ERA-interim / ECMWF up to degree 50 Non tidal oceanic gravity: TUGO R12 up to degree 50	<b>EIGEN-RGS_RL02bis_MEAN-FIELD(2011)</b> Non-tidal TVG : Annual, Semi-annual, and drifts up to deg/ord 50  <b>Solid Earth Tides:</b> from IERS2003 <b>Ocean tides</b> FES2004 <b>Atmospheric gravity</b> : 6hr NCEP pressure fields + tides from Biancale-Bode model
Sufaces Forces	<b>Radiation Pressure model:</b> tuned for Jason-2  <b>Earth Radiation</b> : Albedo and IR pressure values interpolated from ECMWF 6hr grids	<b>Radiation Pressure model:</b> the same except for Jason-2 <b>Earth Radiation</b> : Knocke-Ries albedo and IR satellite model
Satellite reference	<b>Attitude Model</b> : nominal attitude law for all satellites	<b>Attitude Model</b> : nominal attitude law except for Jason-1 and Jason-2 : Quaternions
Displacement of reference points	<b>Earth tides:</b> IERS2010 conventions <b>Ocean Loading:</b> FES2012	<b>Earth tides:</b> IERS2003 conventions <b>Ocean Loading:</b> FES2004

# COMPARISON TO THE POE USED FOR ALTIMETRY

## Jason-1 Orbit Comparison LCA vs CNES GDR-D POE

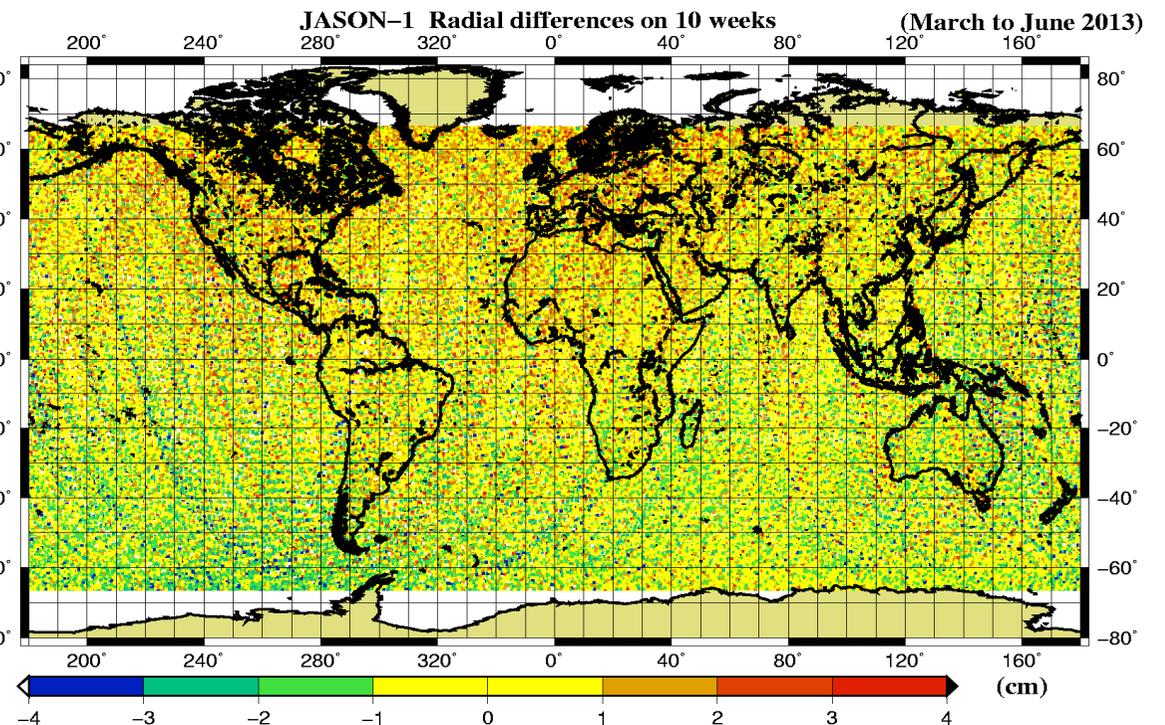
### Radial/Cross-track /Along-track Orbit differences

Jason1 Rad/Crs/Alg Orbit Differences for LCA vs CNES\_POE  
from January 2013 to June 2013



### Orbit geodetic period

### Radial orbit differences (on 10 weeks from March to June 2013)



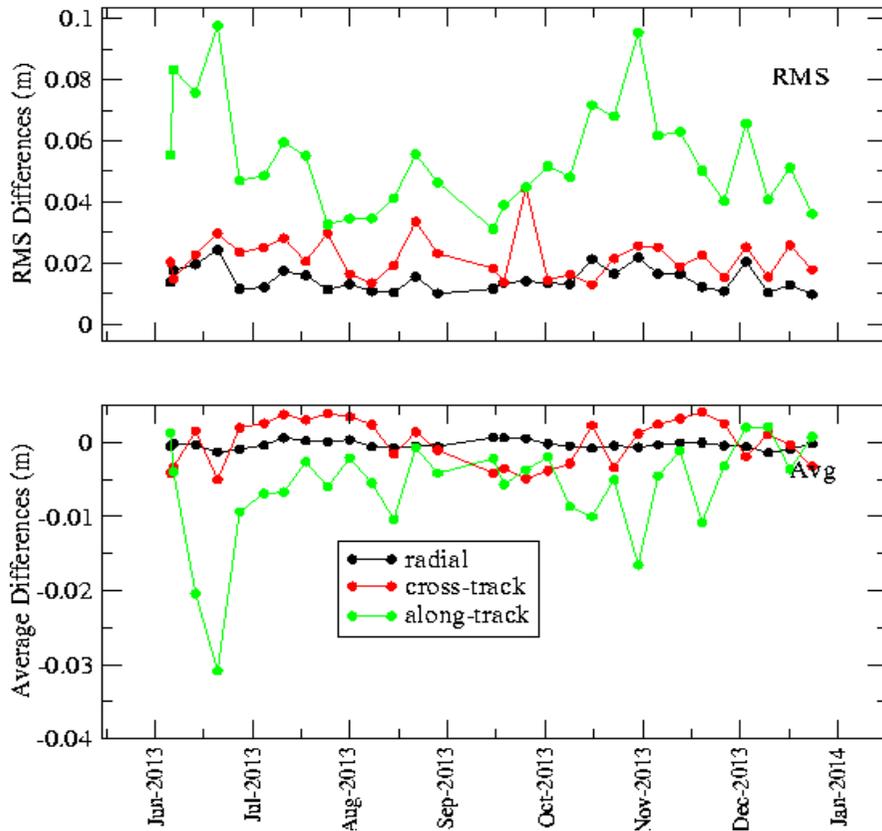
**Good agreement between LCA orbits and CNES GDR-D POE (in particular radial)**  
**No clear Radial geographical systematic differences (slightly N/S)**

# COMPARISON TO THE POE USED FOR ALTIMETRY

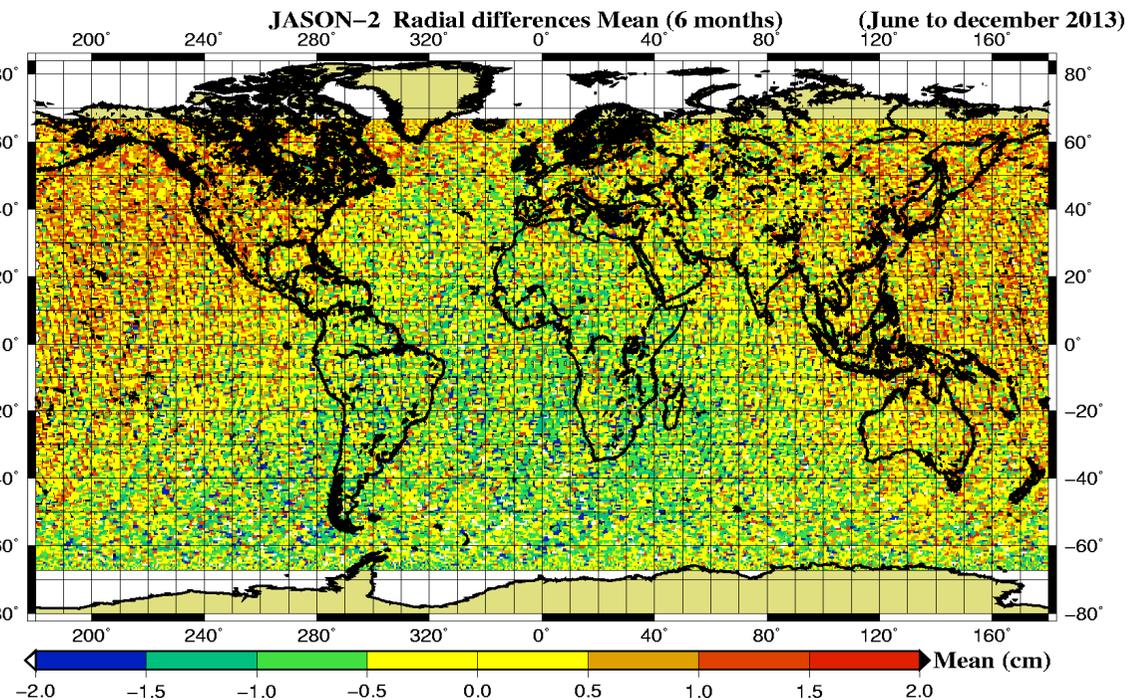
## Jason-2 Orbit Comparison LCA vs CNES POE

### Radial/Cross-track /Along-track Orbit differences

Jason-2 Rad/Crs/Alg Orbit Differences for LCA vs CNES\_POE  
from June 2013 to December 2013



### Radial orbit differences Mean (6 months June to December 2013)



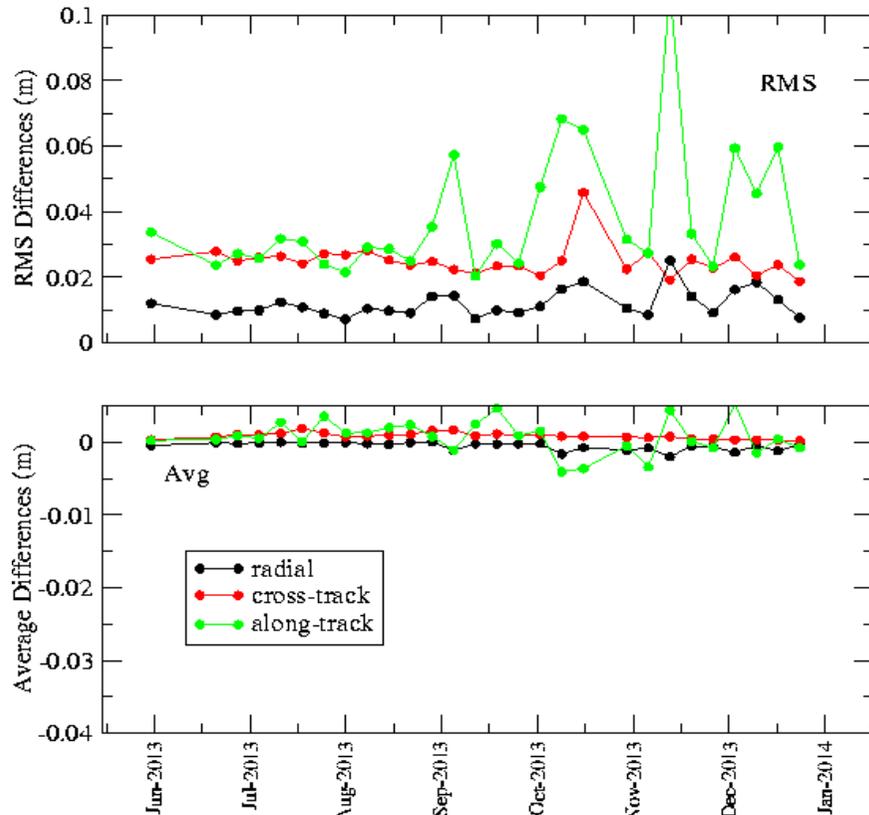
**Good agreement between LCA orbits and CNES GDR-D POE (in particular radial)**  
**Radial geographical systematic differences: south Atlantic patch (N/S)**

# COMPARISON TO THE POE USED FOR ALTIMETRY

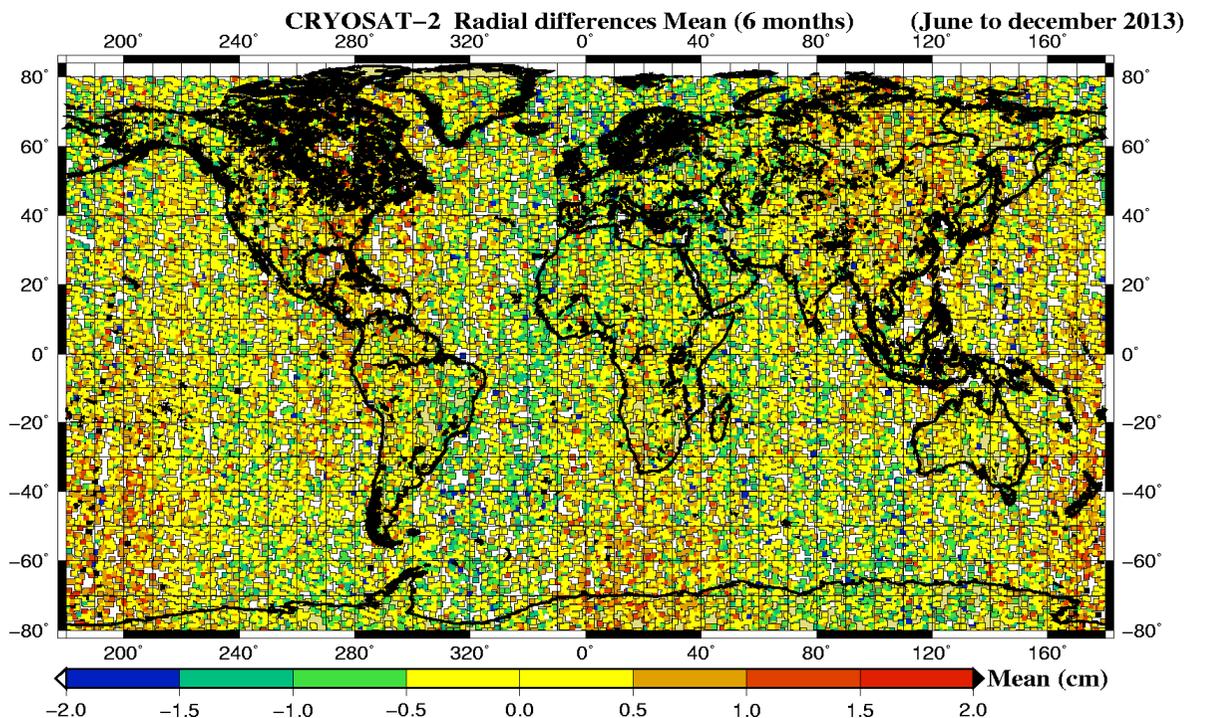
## Cryosat-2 Orbit Comparison LCA vs CNES GDR-D POE

### Radial/Cross-track /Along-track Orbit differences

Cryosat2 Rad/Crs/Alg Orbit Differences for LCA vs CNES\_POE  
from June 2013 to December 2013



### Radial orbit differences Mean (6 months June to December 2013)



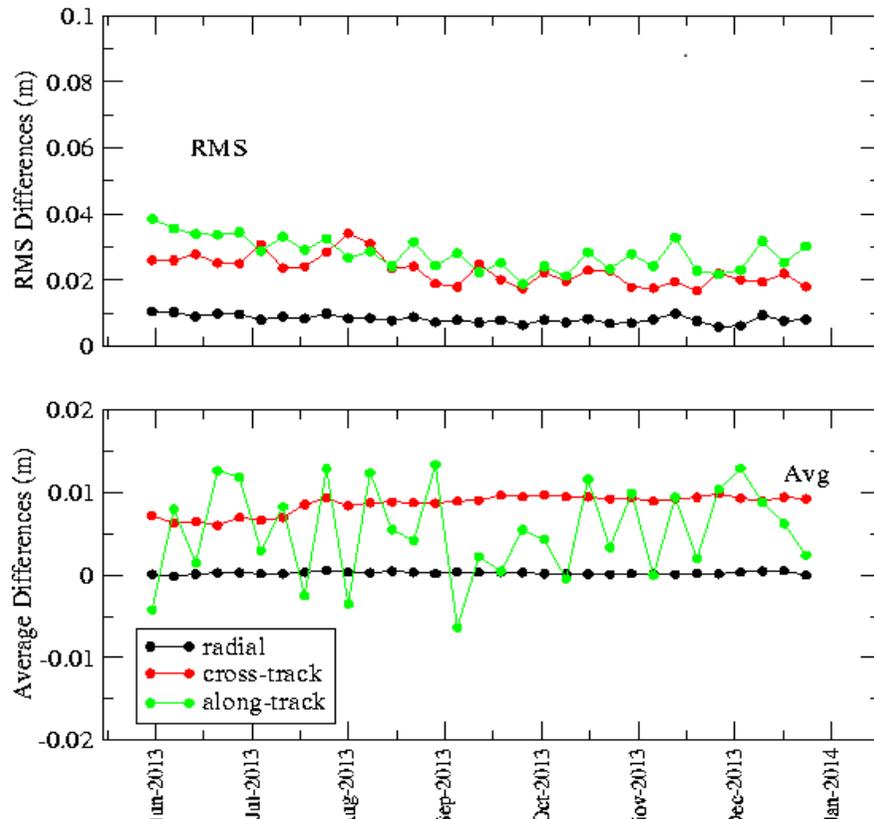
**Good agreement between LCA orbits and CNES GDR-D POE (in particular radial)**  
**No clear radial geographical systematic differences**

# COMPARISON TO THE POE USED FOR ALTIMETRY

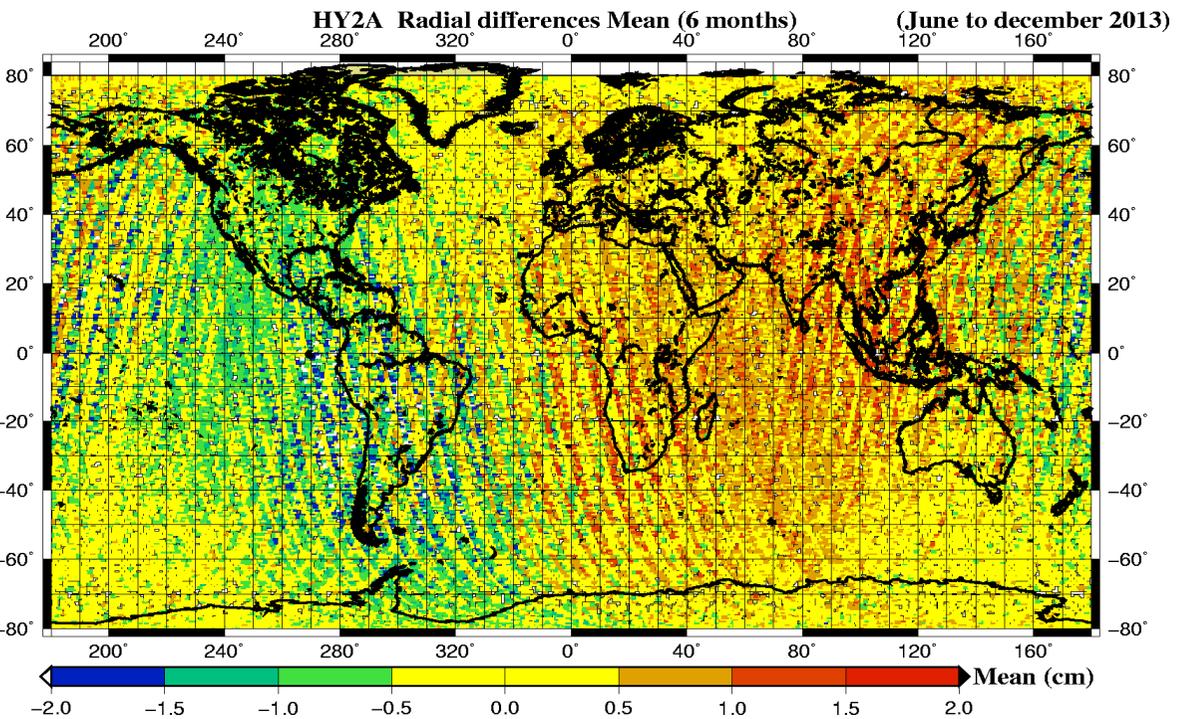
## Hy2a Orbit Comparison LCA vs CNES GDR-D POE

### Radial/Cross-track /Along-track Orbit differences

Hy2a Rad/Crs/Alg Orbit Differences for LCA vs CNES\_POE  
from June 2013 to December 2013



### Radial orbit differences Mean (6 months June to December 2013)



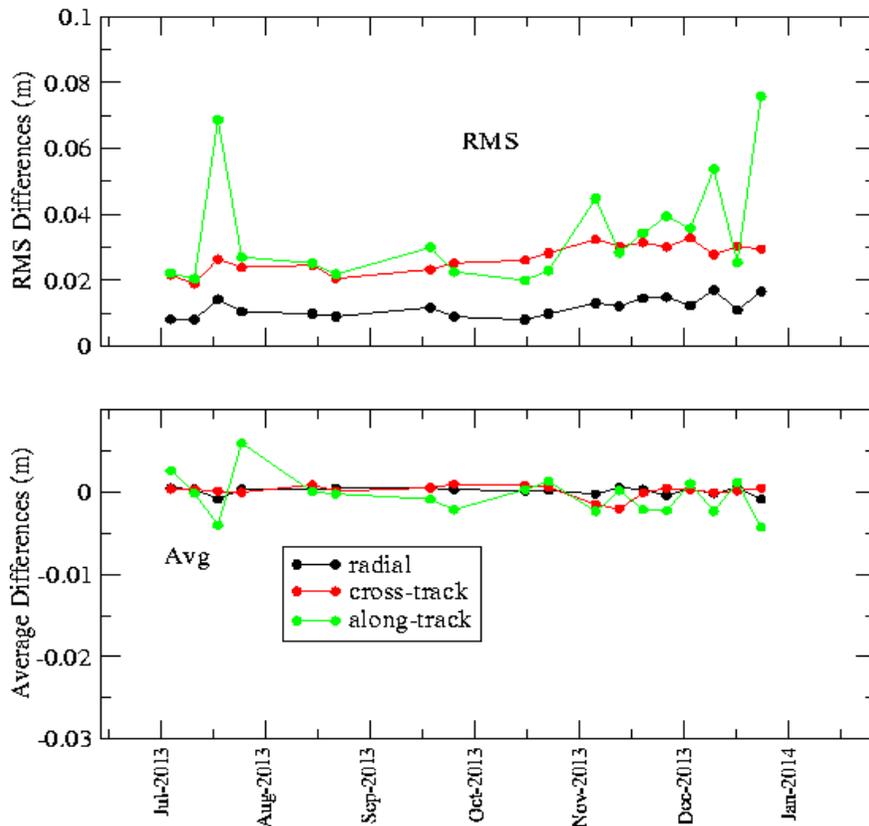
**Good agreement between LCA orbits and CNES GDR-D POE (in particular radial)**  
**Radial geographical systematic differences: East/West patches**

# COMPARISON TO THE POE USED FOR ALTIMETRY

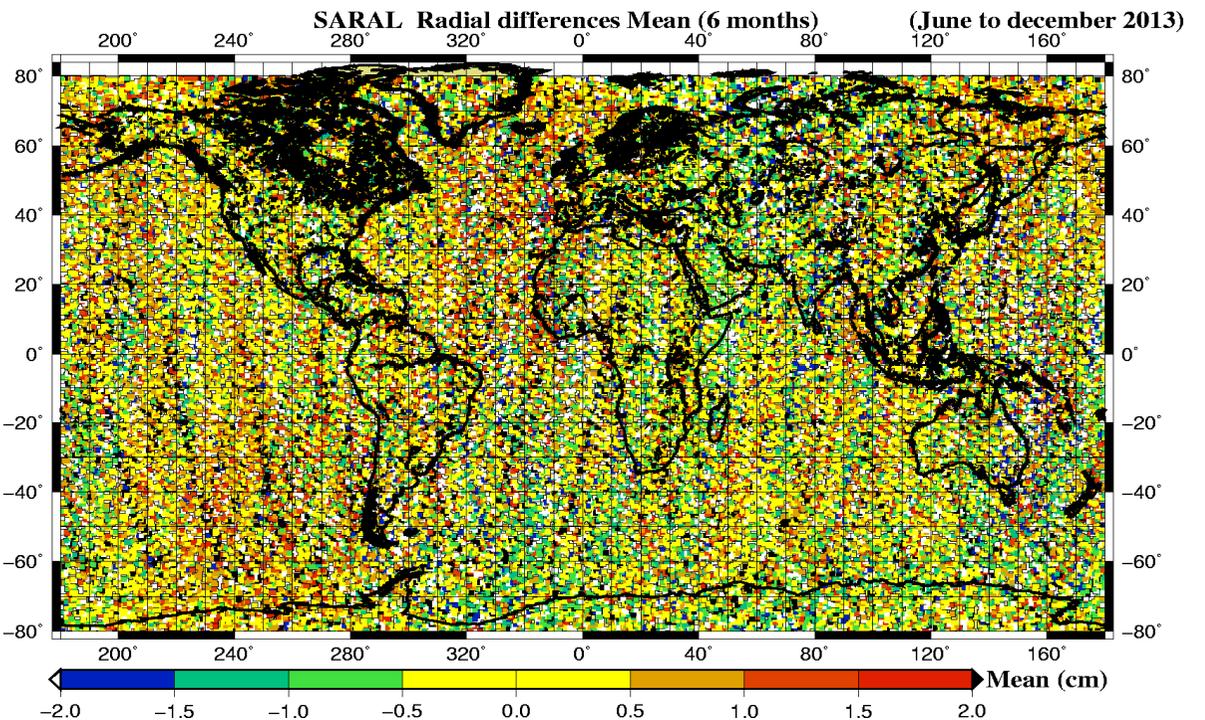
Since the ITRF2013 contribution we processed first SARAL orbits  
Saral Orbit Comparison LCA vs CNES GDR-D POE

Radial/Cross-track /Along-track  
Orbit differences

Saral Rad/Crs/Alg Orbit Differences for LCA vs CNES\_POE  
from June 2013 to December 2013



Radial orbit differences Mean  
(6 months June to December 2013)



**Good agreement between LCA orbits and CNES GDR-D POE (in particular radial)**  
**No clear radial geographical systematic differences**

# **CONCLUSION AND PERSPECTIVE**

## **Conclusion**

**Good agreement between LCA orbits and CNES GDR-D POE**  
(in particular radial)

**In the framework of the ITRF2013 we have reprocessed in homogeneous context all DORIS data available from 1993/01 to 2013/12**  
(in particular: Topex / Envisat / Jason-1 / Jason-2 / Cryosat-2 / Hy-2a + Saral )

**LCA Orbits in sp3 format are available on the DATA Center (CDDIS and IGN)**  
<ftp://cddis.gsfc.nasa.gov/pub/doris/products/orbits/lca/>

## **Perspective**

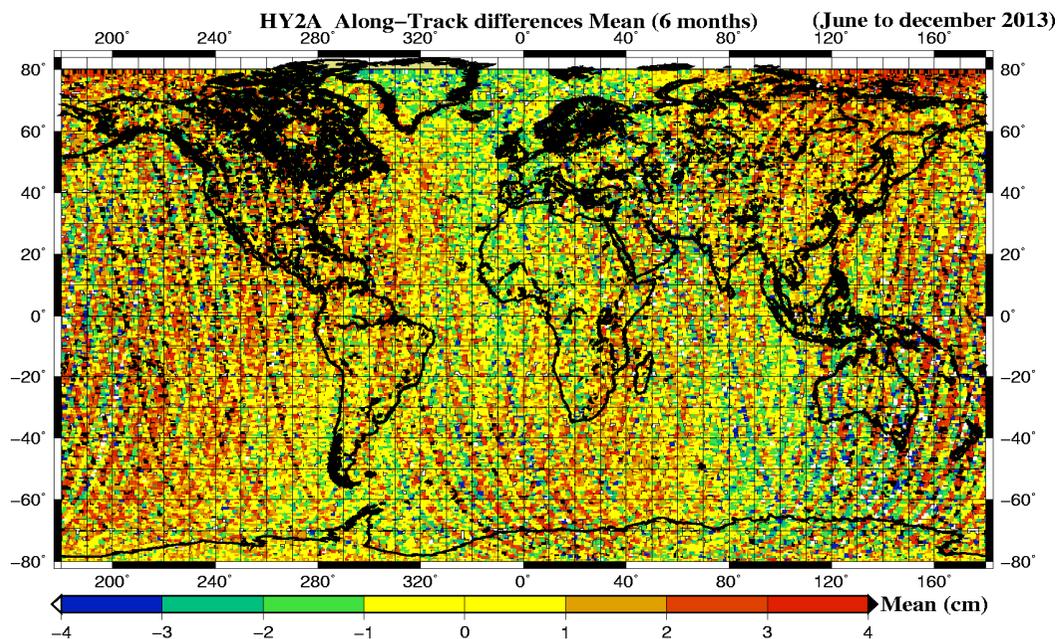
**Routine Delivery in the same processing context**  
**Exploitation of the ITRF reprocessing to improve models**  
(solar pressure models, ...)

***BACK SLIDES***

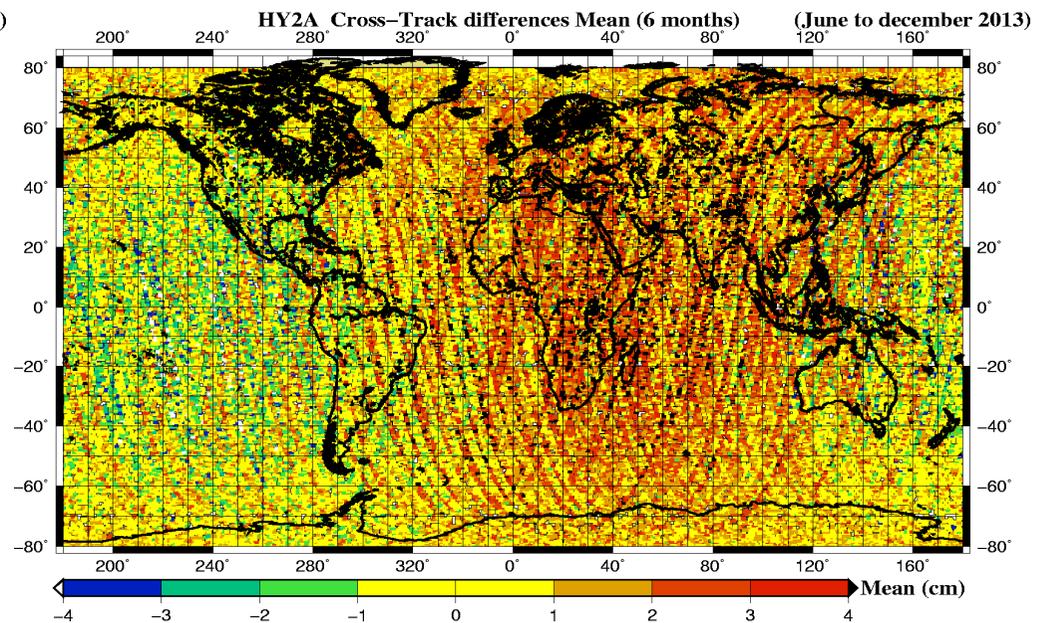
# ITRF2013 REPROCESSING STATUS

## HY-2A Orbit Comparison LCA vs CNES GDR-D POE

Along-track orbit differences Mean  
(6 months June to December 2013)



Cross-track orbit differences Mean  
(6 months June to December 2013)



**Cross-track geographical systematic differences East/West patches**

# ITRF2013 REPROCESSING STATUS

## HY-2A drag coefficient

- we note a correlation with the daily Along-track constant acceleration adjusted by GSC in their processing
- for LCA this daily Along-track bias is mainly absorbed by drag coefficient
- when GSC along-track acceleration is higher the OPR amplitudes increase

