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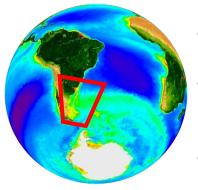




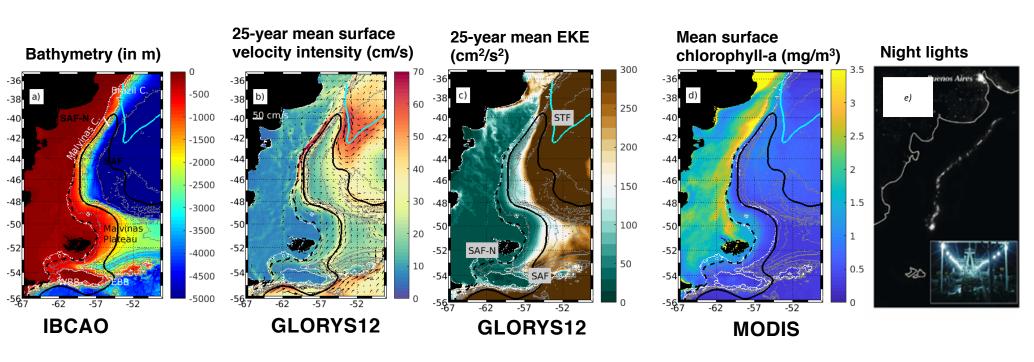




The Patagonian Platform: A high primary productivity region



- The Malvinas Current comprises 2 main jets (dashed and full isolines in fig a -d).
- It carries nutrient-rich subantarctic waters that play a key role in the development of massive phytoplankton blooms over the continental platform (fig d).
- Shelf-break trapped waves have been proposed as a mechanism that could enhance upwelling at the shelf break and contribute to nutrient fluxes.

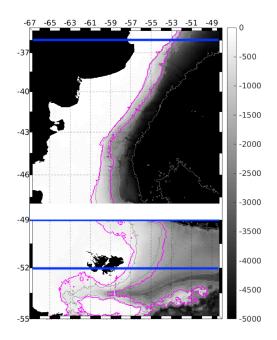


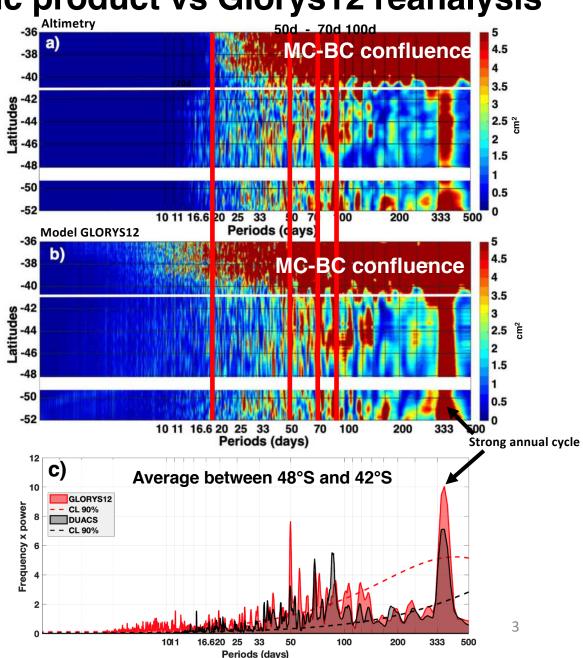
Sea Level Anomaly Spectral content:

CMEMS gridded altimetric product vs Glorys12 reanalysis

Time series of SLA - zonally averaged between 300m and 1700m isobaths (pink isolines)- were produced.

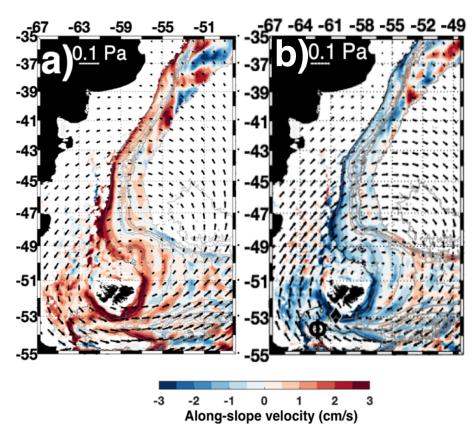
Their spectral content was analyzed (a : altimetry and b : Glorys12 reanalysis):





Shelf-break trapped waves : spatial structures.

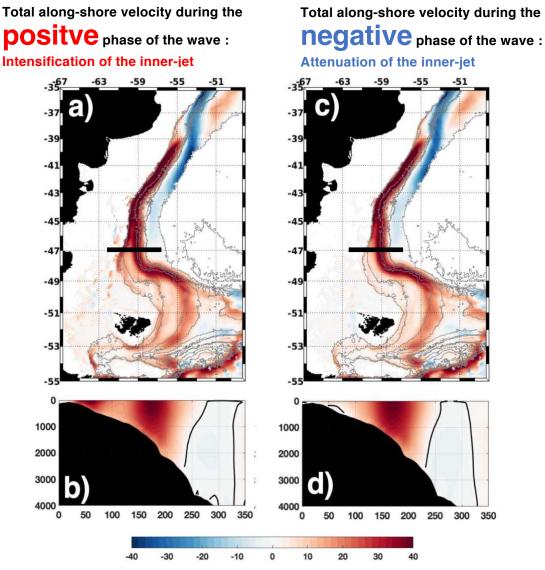
GLORYS12



a, b along-slope velocity composites at 100 m for positive and negative phase of the wave from Glorys12

- Fast waves trapped at the shelf break with phase velocities between 1.4 and 3 m/s
- · Wind-forced
- Simultaneous wave departures
- Large-scale SLA signal over the Patagonian platform associated with the shelf-break waves.

Shelf-Break trapped waves: Impact on the in-shore jet

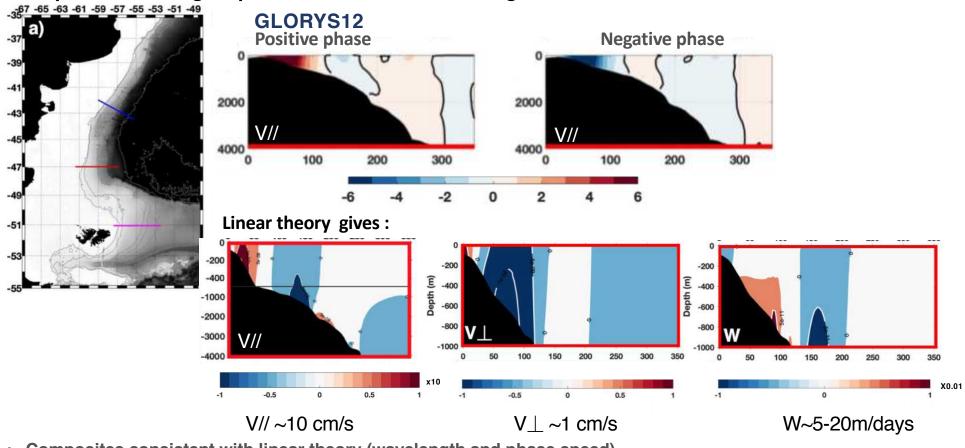


- a) Along slope velocities corresponding to the positive phase of the fast waves at 47°S (Mean flow plus twice the composite of along slope velocity anomalies from Figure 7b)s.THe 47°S vertical section is shown b.
- b) Along-slope velocity at 47°S section corresponding to a).
- c) Same a) for the negative phase.

Shelf-Break trapped waves: Impact on upwelling

Vertical structure

Composites of along-slope velocities anomalies along the red section :

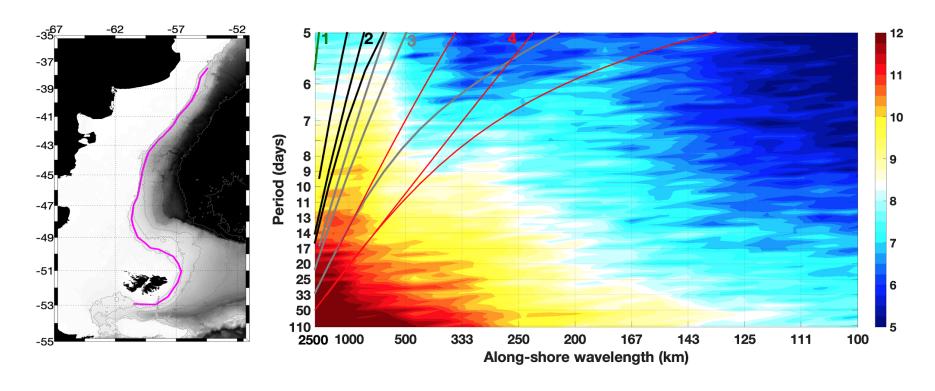


- Composites consistent with linear theory (wavelength and phase speed)
- Positive/ negative phase associated with in-shore/offshore velocities and positive/negative vertical velocities.

(Positive phase of shelf-break trapped waves contributes to bringing nutrients to the shelf)

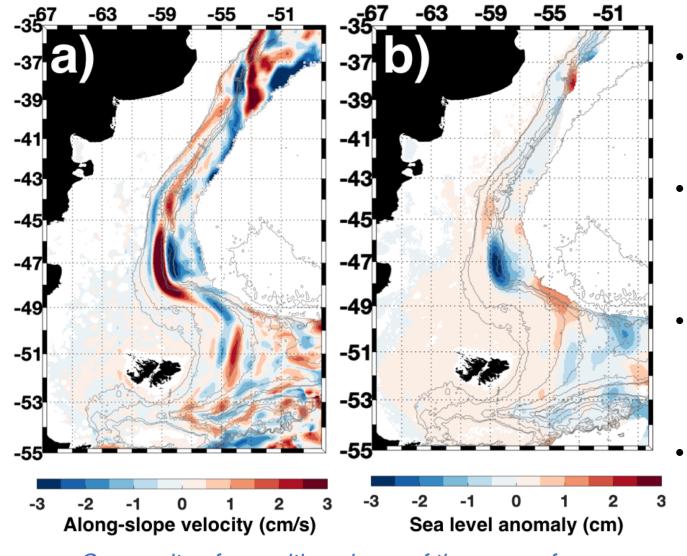
Shelf-Break trapped waves: Modes

Period-wavelength spectrum of along-slope velocity:



• Energy at periods corresponding to theoretical modes 2 to 4

In the core of the MC: Slow waves



 Phase velocities between 0.14 to 0.3 m/s

- Periods of 20-60-100 days
- Along-shore wavelength from 450 to 1500 km
- Remote forcing.

Composites for positive phase of the waves from Glorys12 outputs: a) along-shore velocities anomaly at 100m depth and b) SLA

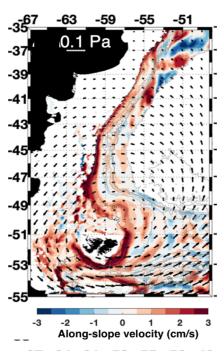
CONCLUSIONS

Fast waves at the shelf break

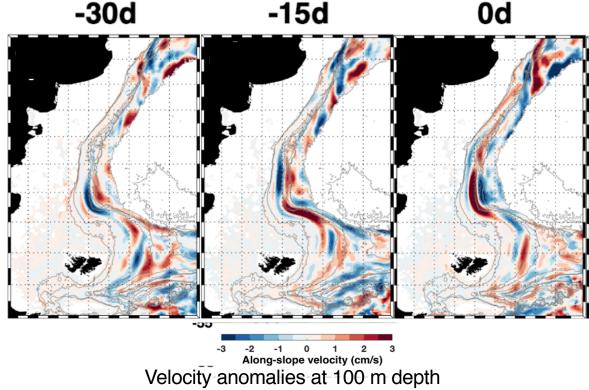
- Phase speed: 1.4-1.8 m/s
- ~5-110 day period
- Wind forced
- Mode 2 to 4
- **Modulating the inner jet**
- **Contributing to upwelling**

Slow waves In the core of the MC

- Phase speed: 0.25 m/s
- **20-60-100** day periods
- **Remotely forced**
- **Tracked back to Malvinas Escarpement and Drake Passage**

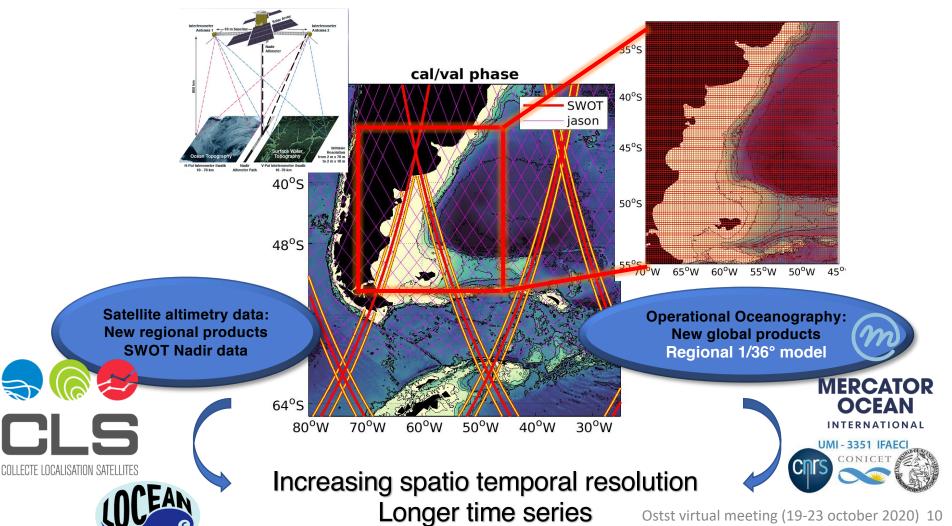


Velocity anomalies at 100 m depth



Perspectives

BACI proposal submitted to OSTST call 2020



Thank You!